



THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

CHAPTER 80

THE CIVIL AVIATION ACT

THE CIVIL AVIATION (AIRCRAFT REGISTRATION AND MARKING) REGULATIONS

[SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION]

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Dodoma,
31st July, 2026

HAMZA SAID JOHARI,
Attorney General

CHAPTER 80

THE CIVIL AVIATION ACT

**THE CIVIL AVIATION (AIRCRAFT REGISTRATION AND
MARKING) REGULATIONS**

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CHAPTER 80

THE CIVIL AVIATION ACT

REGULATIONS

(Made under Section 5)

**THE CIVIL AVIATION (AIRCRAFT REGISTRATION AND
MARKING) REGULATIONS**

[24th February 2017]

[DPG]

GNs. Nos.
65 of 2017
367 of 2023

PART I
PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

Citation

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Civil Aviation (Aircraft Registration and Marking) Regulations.

Interpretation

2. In these Regulations, unless the context requires otherwise-

“aeroplane” means a power-driven heavier-than-air aircraft, deriving its lift in flight chiefly from aerodynamic reactions on surfaces which remain fixed under given conditions of flight;

“aircraft” means any machine that can derive support in the atmosphere from the reactions of the air other than the reactions of the air against the earth’s surface;

“airship” means a power-driven lighter-than-air aircraft;

“Authority” means the Tanzania Civil Aviation Authority;

“balloon” means a non-power-driven lighter-than-air aircraft;

- “Contracting State” means a state that is a signatory to the Convention on International Civil Aviation;
- “fireproof material” means a material capable of withstanding heat as well or better than steel when the dimensions in both cases are appropriate for the specific purpose;
- “glider” means a non-power-driven heavier-than-air aircraft, deriving its lift in flight chiefly from aerodynamic reactions on surfaces, which remain fixed under given conditions of flight;
- “gyroplane” means a heavier-than-air aircraft, deriving its lift in flight by the reactions of the air on one or more rotors which rotate freely on substantially vertical axes;
- “heavier-than-air aircraft” means any aircraft deriving its lift in flight chiefly from aerodynamic forces;
- “helicopter” means a heavier-than-air aircraft supported in flight chiefly by the reactions of the air on one or more power-driven rotors on substantially vertical axes;
- “lighter-than-air aircraft” means any aircraft supported chiefly by its buoyancy in the air;
- “ornithopter” means heavier-than-air aircraft supported in flight chiefly by reactions of the air on planes to which a flapping motion is imparted;
- “Remotely piloted aircraft (RPA)” means an unmanned aircraft which is piloted from a remote pilot station;
- “rotorcraft” means a power-driven heavier-than-air aircraft supported in flight by the reactions of the air on one or more rotors; and
- “sea plane” means an aeroplane equipped with floats or other devices enabling it to land and take off from the surface of water.

Application

3. These Regulations shall apply to civil aircraft registration in the United Republic.

PART II
AIRCRAFT REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS

Prohibition
from
operating an
aircraft
GN. No.
367 of 2023,
reg. 2
GN. No.
57 of 2017

4.-(1) A person shall not operate an aircraft within or fly over the United Republic, unless-

- (a) the aircraft is registered by; or
- (b) the aircraft is registered in-
 - (i) a Contracting State to the Convention on International Civil Aviation;
 - (ii) some other State in relation to which there is in force an agreement between the Government of the United Republic and the government of that State which makes provisions for the flight over the United of aircraft registered in that State.

(2) Subject to these Regulations, an aircraft shall not be registered or continue to be registered in the United Republic where-

- (a) the aircraft is registered outside the United Republic;
- (b) an unqualified person is entitled as owner to any legal or beneficial interest in the aircraft or to any share therein; or
- (c) it would be inexpedient in the public interest for the aircraft to be or to continue to be registered in the United Republic.
- (d) the aircraft does not qualify to be issued with a certificate of airworthiness as specified in the Civil Aviation (Airworthiness) Regulations.

(3) A person shall not operate or fly an aircraft unless it is painted, affixed thereto or bears the nationality and registration marks, in the manner required by the law of the State in which it is registered.

(4) An aircraft shall not bear any marks which purport to indicate that the aircraft is-

- (a) registered in a State in which it is not in fact registered; or
- (b) a State aircraft of a particular State if it is not in fact such an aircraft unless the appropriate

authority of that State has sanctioned the bearing of such marks.

(5) The Authority shall-

- (a) be responsible for the registration of an aircraft in the United Republic; and
- (b) maintain a register into which it shall record the particulars specified in regulation 6.

(6) The aircraft classification shall be as prescribed in the First Schedule to these Regulations.

Eligibility for
registration
GN No.
367 of 2023
reg. 3

5.-(1) An aircraft shall be eligible for registration where it is-

- (a) owned or leased by a citizen of the United republic, an individual citizen of a foreign State who is lawfully admitted for residency in the United Republic, a corporation lawfully organized and doing business under the laws of the United Republic or a government entity of the United Republic; and
- (b) not registered under the laws of any foreign country.

(2) The following persons shall be qualified to be the owners of a legal or beneficial interest in an aircraft registered in the United Republic or a share therein-

- (a) the Government of the United Republic;
- (b) citizens of the United Republic or persons bona fide resident in the United Republic;
- (c) such other persons as the Authority may approve, on condition that the aircraft is not used for commercial air transport, flying training or aerial work and such other conditions as the Authority may specify; and
- (d) bodies corporate-
 - (i) established under subject laws of the United Republic; or
 - (ii) established under and subject to the laws of such country as the Authority may approve.

(3) Where an unqualified person residing or having a place of business in the United Republic is entitled, as

owner, to a legal or beneficial interest in an aircraft, or a share therein, the Authority, upon being satisfied that the aircraft may otherwise be properly registered, may register the aircraft in the United Republic and that person shall not cause or permit the aircraft, while it is registered in terms of this sub-regulation, to be used for the purpose of commercial air transport operations or aerial work.

(4) Where an aircraft is leased or is the subject of a lease, charter or hire purchase agreement to a person qualified under sub-regulation (2), the Authority may, whether or not an unqualified person is entitled as owner to a legal or beneficial interest therein, register the aircraft in the names of the parties to the charter or hire purchase agreement upon being satisfied that the aircraft may otherwise remain so registered during the continuation of the lease, charter or hire-purchase agreement.

Application
for
registration of
an aircraft

6.-(1) A person who wishes to register an aircraft in the United Republic shall submit an application to the Authority in the form prescribed by the Authority.

(2) The application in sub regulation (1) shall be signed in ink and-

- (a) contain a certificate of the citizenship of the applicant;
- (b) show evidence of ownership of the aircraft; and
- (c) be submitted together with the prescribed fee.

(3) An application for the registration of an aircraft in the United Republic may be made by, or on behalf of the owner, provided that-

- (a) the applicant is legally entitled to the aircraft;
- (b) a written notice is submitted by the owner or his legal representative to the Authority identifying the person making the application on behalf of the owner;
- (c) in case of a body corporate, a written notice identifying an officer of the body corporate, and address, who may be served with documents, including the registration certificate issued by the Authority;

- (d) for an imported aircraft with previous registration of a foreign country, a statement issued by the authority responsible for registration of aircraft in that country stating when the registration was cancelled;
- (e) a description of the aircraft that identifies it by reference to its manufacturer;
- (f) where the aircraft has previously been registered in the United Republic or anywhere else, the particulars of the registration mark, if it has been reserved for the aircraft;
- (g) the name and address of each person who holds a property interest in the aircraft and a description of the person's property interest;
- (h) the name and address of the registered owner, if different from paragraph (d);
- (i) physical station where the aircraft will be usually stationed;
- (j) name and signature of the applicant; and
- (k) date of the application.

Registration
of aircraft

7.-(1) Upon receipt of an application for the registration of an aircraft and being satisfied that the aircraft may properly be so registered, the Authority shall register the aircraft, include in the register and on the certificate the following particulars-

- (a) the number of the certificate;
- (b) the nationality mark of the aircraft, and the registration mark assigned to it by the Authority;
- (c) the name of the manufacturer and the manufacturer's designation of the aircraft;
- (d) the serial number of the aircraft;
- (e) the name and address of every person who is entitled as owner to a legal interest in the aircraft or a share therein, or, in the case of a lease agreement or financial arrangement, the names and addresses of lessee and lessor or as the case may be, the financier;
- (f) name or logo of the issuing authority and,

(g) conditions with regard to which it is registered.

(2) Subject to this regulation, the register of unmanned free balloons shall contain the date, time and location of release, the type of balloon and the name of the operator.

Certificate of
registration

8.-(1) The Authority shall furnish to the person or persons in whose name the aircraft is registered, in this regulation referred to as the “registered owner”, a certificate of registration, which shall include the particulars specified in regulation 7 and the date on which the certificate was issued.

(2) Subject to regulation 5, where, at any time after an aircraft has been registered in the United Republic, an unqualified person becomes entitled as owner to a legal or beneficial interest in the aircraft or share therein, or the ownership of that aircraft is transferred to a person not qualified under the provisions of regulation 5, the registration of the aircraft shall become void and the certificate of registration forthwith be returned by the registered owner to the Authority for cancellation.

Change of
registration or
ownership
particulars

9.-(1) A person who is registered as the owner of an aircraft registered in the United Republic shall notify the Authority in writing of-

- (a) any change in the particulars which were furnished to the Authority at the time of making application for the registration of the aircraft;
- (b) the destruction of the aircraft or its permanent withdrawal from use; and
- (c) in the case of an aircraft registered in pursuance of regulation 5(4), the termination of the lease, charter or hire-purchase agreement.

(2) A person who becomes the owner of an aircraft registered in the United Republic shall inform the Authority in writing.

(3) The Authority may, where it appears necessary or appropriate, or for purposes of updating the register correct or amend the particulars entered on the register.

(4) For purposes of this regulation a reference to the registered owner of the aircraft includes, in the case of a deceased person, a reference to his legal representative and in the case of a body corporate which has been dissolved, its successor.

De-
registration

10.-(1) The Authority may de-register or cancel the registration of an aircraft under the following circumstances-

- (a) upon application by the registered owner for purposes of registering the aircraft in another state or for any other purpose; or
- (b) upon the destruction of the aircraft or its permanent withdrawal from use.

(2) The Authority shall, before de-registering an aircraft, require the registered owner to-

- (a) return to the Authority the certificate of aircraft registration;
- (b) settles any liens or encumbrances attached to the aircraft;
- (c) remove all nationality and registration marks assigned to the aircraft; and
- (d) comply with any such other conditions as the Authority may specify.

PART III NATIONALITY AND REGISTRATION MARKS

Marking and
manner of
affixation

11.-(1) A person shall not operate an aircraft registered in the United Republic unless it displays the nationality and registration marks in accordance with these Regulations.

(2) The marks used to identify the nationality of the United Republic shall conform to the requirements outlined in regulation 12 followed by a series of numbers or letters assigned by the Authority.

(3) Unless otherwise authorized by the Authority, a person shall not place on any aircraft a design, mark or symbol that modifies or confuses the nationality and registration marks.

(4) Where letters are used for the registration mark, combinations shall not be used which might be confused with-

- (a) the three-letter combinations beginning with Q used in the Q Code;
- (b) the five-letter combinations used in the International Code of Signals; and
- (c) the distress signal SOS, or other similar urgent signals, for example XXX, PAN and TTT.

(5) The marks used shall not be so similar to the international marks as to be confused with the International Five Letter Code of Signals or Distress Codes.

(6) The permanent marking of aircraft nationality and registration shall-

- (a) be painted on the aircraft or affixed by other means as to ensure a similar degree of permanence;
- (b) have no ornamentation;
- (c) be contrast in colour with the background;
- (d) be legible; and
- (e) be kept clean and visible at all times.

(7) The side marks for a lighter-than-air aircraft shall be so located as to be visible both from the sides and from the ground.

(8) An unmanned balloon shall carry an identification plate marked with a serial number issued by the Authority.

Display of
marks

12.-(1) An owner of an aircraft registered in the United Republic shall display on that owner's aircraft the nationality mark "5H" followed by the registration of the aircraft consisting of three Roman Capital letters assigned by the Authority with a hyphen placed between the nationality mark and the registration mark.

(2) Where, because of the aircraft configuration, it is not possible to mark the aircraft in accordance with these Regulations, the owner may apply to the Authority for a different procedure.

Location of
marks
GN No.
367 of 2023,
reg. 4

13.-(1) A person shall not operate a heavier- than-
air aircraft unless the aircraft is marked as follows-

(a) an aircraft with fixed wing-

(i) the marks shall be located on the lower surface of the port wing of the aircraft unless they extend across the lower surfaces of both of the wings of the aircraft and shall as far as possible, be located equidistant from the leading and trailing edges of the wing or wings with the top of the letters, and number, comprising the marks, towards the leading edge of the wing or wings;

(ii) for an aircraft having more than one set of wings, the mark shall be placed on the lower wing or the lower set of wings, as the case maybe;

(iii) the marks shall also appear either on the fuselage, or equivalent structure, of the aircraft or on the vertical tail surface of the aircraft, and shall be on each side of the fuselage or equivalent structure between the wings and the tail surfaces;

(iv) the marks on the vertical tail surfaces shall be on each side of the vertical tail surface for aircraft with a single vertical surface, and shall be on each of the out board sides of the outer vertical surfaces of the tail structure for an aircraft with multi-vertical surface structure;

(b) rotorcraft - the marks shall be located horizontally on both the port and starboard sides and on any of the following where it is clearly visible on the-

(i) fuselage;

(ii) engine cowling;

(iii) tank or tanks;

(iv) tail boom; or

(v) on any other external surface approved by the Authority;

- (c) Special cases - where a heavier-than air aircraft does not possess parts corresponding to those mentioned in paragraphs (a) and (b), the marks shall appear in such a manner that the aircraft can be identified readily;
- (d) marking and placards shall-
 - (i) be on instruments, equipment, controls and any such items including such limitations or information as necessary for the direct attention of the flight crew during flight; and
 - (ii) provide instructions with information that is essential to the ground crew in order to preclude the possibility of mistakes in ground servicing such as towing and refuelling that could pass unnoticed and jeopardize the safety of the aircraft in subsequent flights.
- (2) A lighter-than-air aircraft-
 - (a) spherical balloon, *other than unmanned free balloons*, the marks shall appear in two places diametrically opposite and shall be located near the maximum horizontal circumference of the balloon;
 - (b) non-spherical balloon, *other than unmanned free balloons*, the marks shall appear on each side and shall be located near the maximum cross section of the balloon immediately above either the rigging band or the points of attachment of the basket suspension cable.
 - (c) Airship, the marks on an airship shall appear either on the hull or on the stabilizer surfaces;
 - (i) where the marks appear on the hull, they shall be located lengthwise on each side of the hull and also on its upper surface on the line of symmetry;
 - (ii) where the marks appear on the stabilizer surfaces, they shall appear on the horizontal and on the vertical stabilizers; the marks on the horizontal stabilizer

shall be located on the right half of the upper surface and on the left half of the lower surface, with the tops of the letters and numbers toward the leading edge; the marks on the vertical stabilizer shall be located on each side of the bottom half stabilizer, with the letters and numbers placed horizontally;

- (d) all lighter-than-air-aircraft, *other than unmanned free balloons*, the side marks shall be visible both from the sides and from the ground;
- (e) unmanned free balloons:- the mark shall appear on the identification plate affixed conspicuously to the exterior of the payload.

Measurement
of marks

14.-(1) A person shall not operate an aircraft unless the aircraft is marked with the number and letters comprising one or more marks on the same aircraft of equal height.

(2) The width of each letter and number (except the letter I and the number '1') and the length of each hyphen must be two-thirds the height of a letter or number.

(3) The letters, numbers and hyphens must be-

- (a) formed by solid lines with thickness of one-sixth of the height of the marks; and
- (b) of colour that is clear contrast to the colour of the background to the marks.

(4) Each letter, or number, must be separated from a letter, a number or hyphen, which precedes or follows it, by a space not less than one quarter of the width of a character (except the letter I and the number '1').

(5) In the case of lighter-than-air aircraft, other than unmanned free balloons, the length of the marks shall be at least 50 centimetres.

(6) Where the lighter-than-air aircraft does not possess parts of sufficient size to accommodate the marks described in sub-regulation 5, the measurements of the marks shall be determined by the Authority, taking account of the need for the aircraft to be identified readily.

(7) The marks on a balloon and unmanned free balloon shall be vertical and shall be at least 50 centimetres

(8) In case of fixed wing heavier-than-air aircraft-

(a) the wing marks must be at least 50 centimetres in height.

(b) the marks on the fuselage (or equivalent structure) must be at least 30 centimetres in height without visually interfering with the outlines of the fuselage (or equivalent structure); and

(c) the marks on the vertical tail surface marks must be at least 30 centimetres in height with a clearance of 5 centimetres from leading and trailing edge of the tail surface.

(d) Where the parts are too small to accommodate the marks described in (a), (b) and (c), the measurements of the marks shall be determined by the Authority, taking account of the need for the aircraft to be identified readily.

(9) In the case of rotorcraft-

(a) the marks shall be at least 30 centimetres in height, or

(b) where the surface area of that part of the rotorcraft on which the marks are to be located is insufficient to enable compliance with paragraph (a), the measurements of the marks shall be determined by the Authority, taking account of the need for the aircraft to be identified readily.

(10) The marks shall be vertical or sloping at the same angle being an angle of no more than 30 degrees to the vertical axis.

Types of
characters for
nationality
and

15. A person shall not operate an aircraft unless the aircraft is marked with-

(a) capital letters are in roman characters without ornamentation; and

registration
marks

- (b) numbers in Arabic numbers without ornamentation and hyphens shall be considered as characters.

Deviations for
size and
location of
marks

16.-(1) Where either one of the surfaces authorized for displaying required marks is large enough for display of marks meeting the size requirements of these Regulations and the other is not, the registered owner shall place full-size marks on the larger surface.

(2) Where, neither surface is large enough for full-size marks, the Authority may approve marks as large as practicable for display on the larger of the two surfaces.

Removal of
marks

17. When an aircraft registered in the United Republic is sold, the holder of the certificate of registration shall upon de-registration remove, before its delivery to the purchaser, all nationality and registration marks of the United Republic unless the purchaser is a citizen or other legal entity as prescribed in regulation 5(1).

Identification
plate required
GN. No.
367 of 2023,
reg. 5

18. The operator shall affix to each aircraft registered under the laws of the United Republic an identification plate-

- (a) containing the aircraft type, model, serial number, nationality and registration marks;
- (b) made of fireproof metal or other fireproof material of suitable physical properties; and
- (c) secured to the aircraft in a prominent position, near the main entrance, or, in the case of unmanned free balloon affixed conspicuously to the exterior of the payload;
- (d) in the case of a remotely piloted aircraft, secured in a prominent position near the main entrance or compartment or affixed conspicuously to the exterior of the aircraft if there is no main entrance or compartment.

PART IV
GENERAL PROVISIONS

Inspection of
certificate of
registration

19. A person who holds a certificate of registration required by these Regulations shall present it for inspection upon a request from the Authority or any other person authorised by the Authority.

Change of
Name

20.-(1) A holder of a certificate issued under these Regulations may apply to change the name on the certificate.

(2) The holder shall include with any such request-

(a) the current certificate; and

(b) a court order, or other legal document verifying the name change.

(3) The Authority may change the certificate and issue a replacement of the certificate.

(4) The authority shall return to the holder the original documents specified in subregulation (2)(b) of this regulation and retain copies thereof and return the replaced certificate with the appropriate endorsement.

Change of
address

21.-(1) A holder of a certificate, issued under these Regulations shall notify the Authority of the change in the physical and mailing address and shall do so in the case of-

(a) the physical address, at least fourteen days in advance; and

(b) the mailing address upon the change.

(2) A person who fails to notify the Authority of the change in the physical address within the time frame specified in sub-regulation (1) shall not exercise the privileges of the certificate.

Replacement
of certificate

22. A person may apply to the Authority in the prescribed form for replacement of certificate of registration issued under these Regulations if such certificate is lost or destroyed.

Suspension
and

23.-(1) The Authority may, where it considers it to be in the public interest, suspend provisionally, pending

revocation by
public interest
GN. No.
367 of 2023,
reg. 6

further investigation, any certificate issued, granted having effect under these Regulations:

Provided that, whether or not such further investigation has been completed, a provisional suspension under this sub-regulation shall, if not otherwise terminated, cease to have effect after twenty-eight days.

(2) The Authority may, upon the completion of an investigation which has shown sufficient ground to its satisfaction and where it considers it to be in the public interest, revoke, suspend, or vary any document issued or granted under these Regulations.

(3) The Authority may, where it considers it to be in the public interest, prevent any person from flying an aircraft or an aircraft from flying.

(4) A holder or any person having the possession or custody of any document which has been revoked, suspended or varied under these Regulations shall surrender it to the Authority within 14 days from the date of revocation, suspension or variation.

(5) The breach of any condition subject to which any document has been granted or issued under these Regulations shall render the document invalid during the continuance of the breach.

Suspension or
revocation by
contravention
of law

24. Save as otherwise provided in the Regulations, the Authority may revoke or suspend a certificate, approval, authorisation, exemption or such other document of a person who contravenes any provision of these Regulations.

Use and
retention of
certificates
and records

25.-(1) A person shall not-

- (a) use any certificate issued under these Regulations which has been forged, altered or to which he is not entitled;
- (b) forge or alter any certificate issued under these Regulations;
- (c) lend any certificate issued under these Regulations to any other person; or

- (d) make any false representation for the purpose of procuring for himself or any other person the issue or change of any such certificate.

(2) During the period for which it is required under these Regulations to be preserved, a person shall not mutilate, alter, render illegible or destroy any records, or any entry made therein, required by or under these Regulations to be maintained, or knowingly make, or procure or assist in the making of, any false entry in any such record, or wilfully omit to make a material entry in such record.

(3) All records required to be maintained by or under these Regulations shall be recorded in a permanent and indelible material

(4) A person shall not-

- (a) purport to issue any certificate for the purpose of these Regulations unless he is authorised to do so under these Regulations; and
- (b) any certificate of the kind referred to in subregulation 4(a) unless he has satisfied himself that all statements in the certificate are correct, and that the applicant is qualified to hold that certificate.

Reports of
violation
Cap. 80

26.-(1) A person who knows of any violation of the Civil Aviation Act, any rule, regulation, or order, issued there under, shall report it to the Authority.

(2) The Authority will determine the nature and type of any investigation to be conducted or enforcement action that needs be taken following receipt of the information in sub regulation (1).

Enforcement
of directions

27. Any person who fails to comply with any direction given to him by the Authority or by any authorised person under these Regulations commits an offence.

Aeronautical
user fees

28.-(1) The Authority may notify the fees to be charged in connection with the issue including the issue of a duplicate copy thereof, or the undergoing of any examination or investigation required by, or for the purpose

of these Regulations any orders, notices or proclamations made thereunder.

(2) Upon an application being made in connection with which any fee is chargeable in accordance with the provisions of sub-regulation (1), the applicant shall be required, before the application is entertained, to pay the fee so chargeable.

(3) Where, after that payment has been made, the application is withdrawn by the applicant or otherwise ceases to have effect or is refused, the Authority shall not refund the payment made.

Application of regulations to Government and visiting forces, etc.

29.-(1) These Regulations shall apply to aircraft, not being military aircraft, belonging to or exclusively employed in the service of the Government, and for the purposes of such application, the Department or other authority for the time being responsible for management of the aircraft shall be deemed to be the operator of the aircraft, and in the case of an aircraft belonging to the Government, to be the owner of the interest of the Government in the aircraft.

(2) Except as otherwise expressly provided, the naval, military and air force authorities and member of any visiting force and property held or used for the purpose of such a force shall be exempt from the provision of these regulations to the same extent as if the visiting force formed part of the military force of the United Republic.

(3) Meteorological pilot balloons used exclusively for meteorological purposes or unmanned free balloons without a payload, shall be exempt from the provision of this regulation except as otherwise expressly provided.

PART V

EXTRA-TERRITORIAL APPLICATION OF REGULATIONS

Extra-territorial application of Regulations

30. Except where the context otherwise requires, the provisions of these Regulations shall-

(a) in so far as they apply, whether by express reference or otherwise, to aircraft registered in

- the United Republic apply to such aircraft wherever they may be;
- (b) in so far as they apply, whether by express reference or otherwise, to other aircraft, apply to such aircraft when they are within the United Republic;
 - (c) in so far as they prohibit, require or regulate, whether by express reference or otherwise, the doing of anything by any person in, or by any of the crew of, any aircraft registered in the United Republic, shall apply to such persons and crew, wherever they may be; and
 - (d) in so far as they prohibit, require or regulate, whether by express reference or otherwise, the doing of anything in relation to any aircraft registered in the United Republic by other persons shall, where such persons are citizens of the United Republic apply to them wherever they may be.

PART VI OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

Contravention
of Regulations

31. Save as otherwise provided in the Regulations, the Authority may revoke or suspend a certificate, approval, authorisation, exemption or such other document of a person who contravenes any provision of these Regulations.

Penalties

32.-(1) A person who contravenes any provision of these Regulations, orders, notices or proclamations made thereunder shall, in relation to an aircraft, the operator of that aircraft and the PIC, where the operator or, the pilot in command is not the person who contravened that provision he shall, without prejudice to the liability of any other person under these Regulations for the contravention, be deemed to have contravened that provision unless that person proves that the contravention occurred without his consent or connivance and that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the contravention.

(2) If it is proved that an act or omission of any person, which would otherwise have been a contravention by that person of a provision of these Regulations, orders, notices or proclamations made there under was due to any cause not avoidable by the exercise of reasonable care by that person, the act or omission shall be deemed not to be a contravention by that person of that provision.

(3) Where a person is charged with contravening a provision of these Regulations orders, notices or proclamations made thereunder by reason of his having been a member of the flight crew of an aircraft on a flight for the purpose of commercial air transport operations, the flight shall be treated, without prejudice to the liability of any other person under these Regulations, as not having been for that purpose if he proves that he neither knew nor had reason to know that the flight was for that purpose.

(4) A person who contravenes any provision of these Regulations, orders, notices or proclamations made thereunder not being a provision referred to in subregulation (9) shall, upon conviction, be liable to a fine, and in the case of a continuing contravention, each day of the contravention shall constitute a separate offence.

(5) In case an aircraft is involved in a contravention and the contravention is by the owner or operator of the aircraft, the aircraft shall be subject to a lien for the penalty.

(6) Any aircraft subject to a lien for the purpose of sub-regulation (5) may be seized by and placed in the custody of the Authority,

Provided that no such aircraft shall be so seized save with the consent of the Attorney General.

(7) The aircraft shall be released from custody of the Authority upon-

- (a) payment of the penalty or the amount agreed upon;
- (b) deposit of a bond in such amount as the Authority may prescribe, conditioned upon payment of the penalty or the amount agreed upon in compromise; or
- (c) a court order to that effect.

(8) The Authority and any person specifically authorised or any police officer not below the rank of inspector specifically authorised by name by the Minister, may compound offences under Part A of the Schedule to these Regulations by assessing the contravention and requiring the person reasonably suspected of having committed the offence to pay to the Authority a sum equivalent in Tanzanian shillings of five hundred United States dollars.

(9) If any person contravenes any provision specified in Part B of the Schedule to these Regulations, upon conviction is liable to a fine not less than the equivalent in Tanzanian Shillings of one thousand United States Dollars or to imprisonment for a term of twelve months or to both.

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(10) A person who is aggrieved by any order made under sub-regulation (8), may, within twenty one days of such order being made, appeal against the order to the High Court and the provisions of Part X of the Criminal Procedure Act, shall apply *mutatis mutandis*, to every such appeal as if it were an appeal against a sentence passed by a district court in the exercise of its original jurisdiction.

General
penalty

33. A person who contravenes any provision of these Regulations for which no penalty has been provide, commits an offence and shall:

- (a) be liable to a fine of the sum equivalent in Tanzanian shillings of five hundred United States dollars; and
- (b) may have his certificate, approval, authorisation, exemption or such other document revoked or suspended.

PART VII TRANSITION, SAVINGS AND REVOCATION

34.-(1) [Revokes the Civil Aviation (Aircraft Registration and Marking) Regulations.]

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(2) All valid licences, certificates, permits or authorisation issued or granted by the Authority under these Regulations shall remain operational under these Regulations until their expiry or are revoked, annulled or replaced.

FIRST SCHEDULE ¹

(Made under Regulation 4(6))

CLASSIFICATION OF AIRCRAFT

1. An aircraft which is intended to be operated with no pilot on board shall be further classified as unmanned.
2. Unmanned aircraft shall include unmanned free balloons and remotely piloted aircraft.

Table I. Classification of aircraft

AIRCRAFT	Lighter-than-air aircraft	Non-power-driven: balloon	Free balloon	Spherical free balloon Non-spherical free balloon
			Captive balloon	Spherical captive balloon Non-spherical captive balloon ¹
		Power-driven	Airship	Rigid airship Semi-rigid airship Non-rigid airship
	Heavier-than-air aircraft	Non-power-driven	Glider	Land glider
			Kite ⁴	Sea glider ²
		Power-driven	Aeroplane	Landplane ³ Seaplane ² Amphibian ²
			Rotorcraft	Gyroplane { Landgyroplane ³ Sea gyroplane ² Amphibian gyroplane ²
				Helicopter { Land helicopter ³ Sea helicopter ² Amphibian helicopter ²
			Ornithopter	Land ornithopter ³ Sea ornithopter ² Amphibian ornithopter ²

1. Generally designated "kite-balloon".
2. "Float" or "boat" may be added as appropriate.
3. Includes aircraft equipped with ski-type landing gear (substitute "ski" for "land").
4. For the purpose of completeness only.

¹ GN. No. 367 of 2023, reg. 7

SECOND SCHEDULE

(Made under Regulation 32)

PENALTIES

REG. NO.	TITLE	PART
4	Prohibition from operating an aircraft.	B
9	Change of registration or ownership particulars	A
11	Marking and manner of affixation	B
12	Display of marks.	A
13	Location of marks.	A
14	Measurement of marks.	A
15	Types of characters for nationality and registration marks.	A
17	Removal of marks.	A
18	Identification plate required.	A
25	Use and retention of certificates and records.	B
26	Report of violations	B
27	Enforcement of directions	A